The Virginia Community College System VIRGINIA WORKFORCE LETTER (VWL) #15-02 Title: Eligibility Guidelines

Attachment E Selective Service Requirements

SELECTIVE SERVICE REGISTRATION

Section 189(h) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act states that the U.S. Secretary of Labor shall insure that each person participating in any program established under this Act has not violated Section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 453) by not presenting and submitting to registration as required pursuant to such section.

WHO MUST REGISTER

Almost all male U.S. Citizens and male immigrants living in the U.S. who are 18 through 25 are required to register with Selective Service. A chart of who must register is found on the last page of this section. It's important to know that even though he is registered, a man will not automatically be inducted into the military. In a crisis requiring a draft, men will be called in sequence determined by random lottery number and year of birth. Then they will be examined for mental, physical and moral fitness by the military before being deferred or exempted from military service or inducted into the Armed Forces.

NON-CITIZENS

Some non-citizens are required to register. Others are not. Non-citizens who are not required to register with Selective Service include men who are in the U.S. on student or visitor visas and men who are part of a diplomatic or trade mission and their families. Almost all other male non-citizens are required to register, including illegal immigrants, legal permanent residents and refugees. The general rule is that if a male non-citizen takes up residency in the U.S. before his 26th birthday, he must register with Selective Service. For a more detailed list of which non-citizens must register, see the **Who Must Register for Selective Service Chart**.

DUAL NATIONALS

Dual national citizens of the U.S. and another country are required to register, regardless of where they live, because they are U.S. nationals.

HOSPITALIZED OR INCARCERATED MEN

Young men in hospitals, mental institutions or prisons do not have to register while they are committed. However, they must register within 30 days after being released if they have not yet reached their 26th birthday.

DISABLED MEN

Disabled men who live at home must register with Selective Service if they can reasonably leave their homes and move about independently. A friend or relative may help a disabled man fill out the registration form if he can't do it himself.

Men with disabilities that would disqualify them from military service still must register with Selective Service. Selective Service does not presently have authority to classify men, even men with obvious handicaps as ineligible to serve. These persons must register now and if needed, classifications are determined later.

FULL-TIME MILITARY EXEMPTED FROM REQUIREMENT

Young men serving in the military on full-time active duty do not have to register. Those attending the service academies do not have to register. If a young man leaves the military before turning 26, he must register.

NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVES

Members of the Reserve and National Guard not on full-time active duty must register.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS

Men who would be classified as conscientious objectors if they were drafted must also register with Selective Service. If a draft begins and they are called, they have the opportunity to file a claim for exemption from military service based on their religious or moral objection to war.

For information on selective service regulations, please refer to the following:

Selective Service Telephone Verification (847) 688-6888; Internet Verification/Registration (www.sss.gov).

Selective Service - Who Must Register

NOTE: With only a few exceptions, the registration requirement applies to all male U.S. citizens and male immigrants residing in the United States who are 18 through 25 years of age.

| CATEGORY | YES | NO |
|---|-----|----|
| All male U.S. citizens born after Dec. 31, 1959, who are 18 but not yet 26 years old, except as noted below: | Х | |
| Military Related | | |
| Members of the Armed Forces on active duty (active duty for training does not constitute "active duty" for registration purposes) | | X* |
| Cadets and Midshipmen at Service Academies or Coast Guard Academy | | X* |
| Cadets at the Merchant Marine Academy | Х | |
| Students in Officer Procurement Programs at the Citadel, North Georgia College and State University, Norwich University, Virginia Military Institute, Texas A&M University, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University | | X* |
| ROTC Students | X | |
| National Guardsmen and Reservists not on active duty / Civil Air Patrol members | Х | |
| Delayed Entry Program enlistees | Х | |
| Separatees from Active Military Service, separated for any reason before age 26 | X* | |
| Men rejected for enlistment for any reason before age 26 | Х | |
| Immigrants** | | |
| Lawful non-immigrants on visas (e.g., diplomatic and consular personnel and families, foreign students, tourists with unexpired Form I-94, or Border Crossing Document DSP-150) | | X |
| Permanent resident immigrants (USCIS Form I-551) / Undocumented immigrants | Х | |
| Special agricultural workers | Х | |
| Seasonal agricultural workers (H-2A Visa) | | Х |
| Refugee, parolee, and asylee immigrants | Х | |
| Dual national U.S. citizens | Х | |
| Confined | | |
| Incarcerated, or hospitalized, or institutionalized for medical reasons | | Χ* |
| Handicapped physically or mentally | | |
| Able to function in public with or without assistance | Х | |
| Continually confined to a residence, hospital, or institution | | Х |
| Gender Change / Transgenders | | |
| U.S. citizens or immigrants who are born male and change their gender to female | Х | |
| Individuals who are born female and changed their gender to male | | Х |

^{*}Must register within 30 days of release unless already age 26.

NOTE: To be fully exempt you must have been on active duty or confined continuously from age 18 to 26.

**Residents of Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, and Northern Mariana Islands are U.S. citizens. Citizens of American Samoa are nationals and must register when they are habitual residents in the United States or reside in the U.S. for at least one year. Habitual residence is presumed and registration is required whenever a national or a citizen of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, or Palau, resides in the United States for more than one year in any status, except as a student who entered the U.S. for the purpose of full time studies as long as such person maintains that status or employee of the government of his homeland.

NOTE: Immigrants who did not enter the United States or maintained their lawful non-immigrant status by continually remaining on a valid visa until after they were 26 years old, were never required to register. Also, immigrants born before 1960, who did not enter the United States or maintained their lawful non-immigrant status by continually remaining on a valid visa until after March 29, 1975, were never required to register.